TPO41 独立写作

These days, the debate that public is going on is whether teacher were more appreciated and valued by society in the past than they were nowadays. At a first glance, many people may think that teacher are still appreciated and valued by students as they were in the past, because students still obtain knowledge from them and admire them a lot. However, I disagree with this kind of opinion, because of the quickrapid growth of the teaching assistant technologies and the decreasing time that teachers can associate accomplish with students.

Firstly, because of the dramatic development of the new technologies, the Internet boomed up and many teaching assistant devices flood out, for example, some phone applications that can help students solve the problems by taking the photo of them appeared. As a result, students can learn almost everything that they can learn at school. Taking my nephew Leo, who is studying in a primary school, as <u>to make</u> a specific example., Hhe always previews the knowledge that he will learn tomorrow by watch the <u>teaching</u> video on the Internet and takes photos of the problems that he cannot n't solve to find an exactly answer, and uses the phone application to check the knowledge that he learnt before, so he can learn almost every things without teachers. In the end the development of the new technology results in the low value of teachers for students today.

Secondly, because of the change ing type of the management of the classes, teachers are also less necessary than before. There are monitors and cadres in the classes, so they will take the responsibility of the classes when teachers are not seating in the classroom and they will supervise and encourage their classmates to study and to take part in the school activities. 这一点不是很合适,因为过去也有monitor,并且他和老师的关系并不冲 突,不会因为有了班长老师就不受尊重了,这里可以说一些其他方面,例如家长的学术水平在提升,以 前家长学术能力不强,只能靠老师,所以老师非常受尊重,但是现在一些基本的学术问题家长都可以解 决了,所以老师的权威性就下降了。Taking my class to make an example, the monitor of my class almost do the every things that teachers do, he tells all the classmate what should be done at any time and the teacher are rarely appears at classrooms. 这里单纯从举例来看,这个例子太笼统了,缺乏具体细节, almost do the every things都有什么事呢? tells all the classmate what should be done at any time 都有什么呢? 这样的例子 在考官面前很吃亏,缺乏具体细节 So they are be less respected by students.

All in all I think teachers are be less respected by students today than before.

注意:

这篇文章整体的语言应用还不错,语法错误也不是很频繁,但是:

- 1. 这篇独立写作的分论点还需要再斟酌一些,
- 2. 并且在第二个中间段的举例部分,需要再添加一些细节,不要写的太笼统,
- 3. 最后结尾段没有错误,但是时间允许的话,建议结尾段再写长一些。

TPO41 综合写作

According to the reading passage, the author of the passage states that the representatives of power companies take the view that the new regulation of the coal ash is unnecessary. However the professor in the listening material disagrees with the opinion in the reading passage and she presents three reasons to prove her opinion.

Firstly, the professor in the lecture says that the liner is not sufficient to prevent the coal ash, and the old ponds will be damaged. Then some harmful chemicals will leak to water and get into the water that people drink. The

new regulation can prevent the leaking of the harmful chemicals better than the old regulation did. However the reading passage believes that the old regulation exists and prevents the coal ash. The professor refutes the reading passage.

Secondly, although the reading passage argues that the new regulation creates some very strict rules for storing and handling coal ash, the professor rebuts that under the new regulation, people still stores and handles the coal ash and still recycle the coal ash into other products. The professor show the using history of the mercury, although there are a strict regulation for the usage of the mercury, people still stores and uses the mercury for fifty years and people are less likely to afraid of it. The professor contradicts the reading passage very well

Thirdly, although the writer of the reading passage asserts that the strict new regulations would result in a significant increase in disposal and handling costs for the power companies, the professor in the lecture claims that the new regulation is still well worthy, because the cost for the companies like the electricity bills are much smaller than the benefit that it brings to the whole environment. Actually, the cost for the companies is only one percent of the positive impact to the environment.